- 84a. Victor's (= Hector's) murderer was mortally wounded, and soon died ([250], pp. 127–128)
- 85a. Trojan version devoted Victor's (= Hector's) murderer special chapter titled "Hector's and Achilles' single combat" (ibid.)
- 84b. Vitiges' (Aruns') murderer was also killed (ibid.)

85b. Livy's Tarquinian version devoted Aruns' murderer special chapter (half Ch. VI, Bk. II). Procopius' Gothic version dedicated special legend to this single combat ([109]; see also below)

To 85b: Procopius supplied the "pagan" legend about Vitiges' and Belisarius' single combat: Two cowherds fought during the Gothic war, one representing Vitiges. and the other Belisarius, who overpowered the former and was sentenced to death by hanging (allegedly, "in jest"). However, the "joke" ended tragically, and the cowherd Vitiges died (was "hanged") [44]. The tragic outcome was interpreted by the people as an "omen" of Belisarius' victory [44].

- 86b. "Gothic version" described Vitiges' 86a. After Victor's (= Hector's) death, his body captured, and given to captivity and then his death [109] Trojans only through negotiations
- 87b. Sequence of deaths: Brutus' (= 87a. Sequence of deaths: Patroclus' (= BRT), Victor's (= VCTR = Hec-BRT = Proectus), Vitiges' (= VTGS = Aruns) and Belisarius' (= BLSR) tor's) and Achilles' death (= LS) death [109], [174] [250]

The sequence of the deaths is the same in all three versions.

8. Achilles' "betrayal" and Belisarius' "betrayal"

- 88b. Belisarius (= Valerius) overpow-88a. Achilles overpowered Victor (= Hector) [250] ered Vitiges (= Aruns) (ibid.)
 - 89a. Immediately after single combat with Victor (= Hector), episode of so-called "Achilles' betrayal" occurred (see below)
 - 90a. After Greeks' victory over Victor (= Hector), armistice followed ([250], pp. 120–121)
 - 91a. Trojan king (= TRKVN) offered Achilles his daughter and friendship in order to stop confrontation ([250], pp. 120-122)
- 92a. Achilles' consent

- 89b. Immediately after victory over Vitiges, episode of Belisarius' "be-
- trayal" occurred ([109]; see also above) 90b. After (Romaic) Greeks victory over
 - Vitiges, armistice followed (ibid.)
- 91b. Gothic (Tarquins = TRQN) king offered Belisarius Italian crown to stop war (ibid.)
- 92b. Belisarius' consent