

According to [39], the kingdom of Israel started in 922 B.C. Since the zeroth year of the kingdom of Israel in the table was 920 B.C., the shift is $c. 920 + 922 = 1842$ years, which is close to the third basic shift by 1,778 (or 1,800) years on the GCD (Part 1). This is one of the basic parallels.

5.8. Statistical parallel between the First Roman pontificate and the Second Roman pontificate

Table 10 (Fig. 55)
(See the rule variations in [74], [119])

First Roman pontificate (141–314 A.D.)	Second Roman pontificate (314–532 A.D.) Note consistency with Second and Third Roman Empires
1) Pius I 141–157 (16)	1) Silvester I 314–336 (18)
2) Anicetus 157–168 (11)	2) Julius I 336–353 (17)
3) Soter 168–177 (9)	3) Liberius 352–367 (15)
4) Eleutherius 177–192 (15)	4) Damasus I 385–398 (13)
5) Victor I 192–201 (9)	5) Siricius 385–398 (13)
6) Zephyrinus 201–219 (18)	6) Anastasius I Innocent 398–417 (19)
7) Calixtus 219–224 (5)	7) Boniface 418–423 (5)
8) Urban I 224–231 (7)	8) Celestine I 423–432 (9)
9) Pontianus 231–236 (5)	9) Sixtus III 432–440 (8)
10) Fabian 236–251 (15)	10) Leo I 440–461 (21)
11) Confusion 251–259 (8)	11) Confusion, Hilarius 461–467 (6)
12) Dionysius 259–271 (12)	12) Simplicius 467–483 (16)
13) Felix I (or Eutygianus?) 275–284 (9)	13) Felix II 483–492 (9)
14) Eutygianus (or Felix I?) 271–275 (4)	14) Gelasius 492–496 (4)
15) Gaius 283–296 (13)	15) Symmachus 498–514 (16)
16) Marcellinus 296–304 (8)	16) Hormisdas 514–523 (19)
17) Marcellus I 304–309 (5)	17) John I 523–526 (3)
18) Eusebius 309–312 (3)	18) Felix III 526–530 (4)
19) Meltiades 311–314 (3)	19) Boniface III 530–532 (2)

This is a secondary parallel induced by the principal one. See also Figs. 94, 95 in Appendix 1.